QA Quality Assurance Indicator SC Safety Goal PHYSICAL TH	IERAPY OASIS E	DISCHARGE A	ASSESSMENT
PATIENT ID PERFORMED VIA NAME, DOB, FACE RECOGNITION AND ADDRI			
(M0030) Start of Care Date: / / (M0032) Resumption of M0032) Resumption	of Care Date:///		TIME OUT
(M0010) CMS Certification Number (Provider):			
(M0014) Branch Identification Branch State: NA - Not Applicable		Phone:	
(M0016) Branch ID Number: Employee's Name,			
According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a control number for this information collection instrument is 0938-0760 . The time required to including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data nee this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Offi	complete this information collection i ded, and complete and review the info	is estimated to average 0.7 minu prmation collection. If you have	utes per response,
(M0018) National Provider Identifier (NPI) for the attending physician who has signed the plan of care:	(M0020) Patient ID Number	: (Medical Record)	······································
Unknown or Not Available	(M0040) Patient Name:		
Physician name:			(055
Address:	(First)	(MI) (Last)	(Suffix)
Phone Number:	Address:		
PHYSICIAN: Date last contacted Date last visited	Patient Phone:		ALF / AFHC (circle)
<u> </u>	(M0050) Patient State of Re		:
Reason:	(M0060) Patient Zip Code:	N	e:
Other Physician (if any):			
Address:		(including suffix)	
Phone Number:	(M0064) Social Security Nu	umber:	·
Discharge Instruction Completed:	(M0065) Medicaid Number:	:	N/A No Medicaid
□ Yes No MD approved D/C: □ Yes □ No Coordination of care with all involved discipline was achieved: Yes No If not, complete:	(M0066) Birth Date:/		
Reason:		' day / year	
Comment:	(M0069) Gender: 1 - Male	le 2 - Female	
	Patient/Family Instructed about d	lischarge process: 🗅 Yes 🕻) No
Discharge Summary Completed: Yes No If not, document:	Discharge Instructions completed/left c		No If yes, complete:
U'	Patient/Family understood instructions give	en: 🖵 Yes 🖵 No	
Faxed/Sent to Physician on:	Comment:		
(M0080) Discipline of Person Completing Assessment:	(M1046) Influenza Vaccine	e received: Did the pat	tient receive the
□ 1-RN □ 2-PT □ 3-SLP/ST □ 4-OT	influenza vaccine for thi	is year's flu season?	s episode of care (SOC/
Type of Visit: Skilled & Discharge Discharge only	ROC to Transfer/Disch	narge)	
□ Unable to assess, in office discharge: □ Reason: (M0090) Date Assessment Completed: / /	2 - Yes; Received from y to Transfer/Discharge)	/our agency during a prior	episode of care (SOC/ROC
(M0090) Date Assessment Completed:// month day year	3 - Yes; received from ar		er (eg. physician, pharmacy
(M0100) This Assessment is Currently Being Completed for the Following Reason:	4 - No; patient offered ar		
Discharge from Agency - Not to an Inpatient Facility	6- Not indicated; patient		ion guidelines for influenza
9 - Discharge from agency [Go to M1041]	vaccine 7 - No: Inability to obtain	vaccine due to declared s	hortago
(M1041) Influenza Vaccine Data Collection Period: Does this episode of care (SOC/ROC to Transfer/Discharge) include any dates on or between October 1 and March 312	-	ceive the vaccine due to re	-
March 31? 0 - No [Go to M1051] 1 - Yes	(M1051) Pneumococcal Va pneumococcal vaccination (f		r received the
		[Go to M1230]	
PATIENT NAME - Last, First, Middle Initial	-	Med. Record #	

Med. Record #

Patient Name:				Med. Record #
CLINICAL	RECORD	TEMS (Cont'd)		SENSORY STATUS
(M1056) Reason Pne	e pneumococcal Va	accine not received: If p I vaccination (for example,		(M1230) Speech and Oral (Verbal) Expression of Language (in patient's own language): □ 0 - Expresses complex ideas, feelings, and needs clearly, completely, and easily in all situations with no observable impairment.
1 - Offered and decli	ned			1 - Minimal difficulty in expressing ideas and needs (may take extra time; makes occasional errors in word choice, grammar or speech
2 - Assessed and de	termined to have	medical contraindication(s	s)	intelligibility; needs minimal prompting or assistance).
3 -Not indicated; pat Pneumococcal Vacc		eet age/condition guideline	es for	2 - Expresses simple ideas or needs with moderate difficulty (needs prompting or assistance, errors in word choice, organization or speech intelligibility). Speaks in phrases or short sentences.
4- None of the above	e			3 - Has severe difficulty expressing basic ideas or needs and requires maximal assistance or guessing by listener. Speech limited to single words or short phrases.
Comments:				 4 - <u>Unable</u> to express basic needs even with maximal prompting or assistance but is not comatose or unresponsive (e.g., speech is nonsensical or unintelligible). 5. Better the product of th
			P	5 - Patient nonresponsive or unable to speak. AIN
(M1242) Frequency of	Pain Interfering	with patient's activity or mov		Patient <u>complains</u> about pain: □Yes □No
0 - Patient has no p	ain	terfere with activity or mov	QA	NON-VERBAL INDICATORS: Guarding Crying Afraid to move Moaning Other:
 2 - Less often than 3 - Daily, but not cc 4 - All of the time 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Intensity: (using scales below) Wong-Baker FACES Pain Rating Scale *
What makes pain wors		ne at Bed 📮 Minimal activ	ity	
🗆 Movement 🗅 An	nbulation 🛯 Imr	nobility 🛛 Transfer		NO'HURT HURTS HURTS HURTS HURTS HURTS LITTLE BIT LITTLE MORE EVEN MORE WHOLE LOT WORSE
Other:				
How does the pain int (explain)	erfere with their	functional/activity level, Al	DLs?	0 2 4 6 8 10 No Moderate Worst Pain Pain Possible Pain
			<u> </u>	Collected using: \Box FACES Scale (Observed) \Box 0-10 Scale (patient reporting) Explain to the person that each face is for a person who feels happy because he
Pain Assessment	site 1	site 2 site	ə 3	has no pain (hurt) or sad because he has some or a lot of pain . Face 0 is very happy because he doesn't hurt at all. Face 1 hurts just a little bit. Face 2 hurts a
Location / site New Onset/ Exacerbation			•	little more. Face 3 hurts even more. Face 4 hurts a whole lot. Face 5 hurts as much as you can imagine, although you don 't have to be crying to feel this bad. Ask the person to choose which face that best describes how he is feeling.
Present level (0-10)		20	•	* From Hockenberry MJ, Wilson D, Winkelstein ML: Wong's Essentials of Pediatric Nursing, ed. 7, St. Louis, 2005, p. 1259. Used
Best Pain Scale 0-10				with permission. Copyright, Mosby.
Worst Pain Scale 0-10, Frequency:		0		What relief pain? 🗖 Heat 🗖 Ice/unguent 🗖 Change position
Occasionally, Continuous, Intermittent. Frequently		\sim		Rest/Relaxation
Pain type: (aching, burning, radiating, neuralgia, etc)				Other:
Feeling of pain: internal, external, acute, chronic.				If taken medication, how often is needed? □ Never □ Less than daily
Pain is worse: morning,				Daily 2-3 times/day More than 3 times/day
afternoon, evening, nights CAREGIVER /	NUTRITION/ E	NDOCRINE STATUS		Does one medication relieve pain better than another? If yes which one.
Primary Caregiver/S.O.:		Phone Number:	_ □ N/A	Pain control treatment/meds Side effect? (mark) 🗅 Nausea 🗅 Vomiting
		ere any other caregiver(s) detail the specific a	assistance:	Sleepy Confusion Other:
				Is there a regular pattern to the pain? (explain)
Appetite: 🗖 NPO 📮 G	ood 🛛 Fair 🕻	Poor		Does the pain radiate? Yes No
🖵 Diet:			🗖 No	□ Occasionally □ Continuously □ Intermittent □ Frequently Current pain control medications adequate: □ Yes □ No
ENDOCRINE Status/Mana	agement problems	(specify):		Comment:
				Implications Care Plan: 🗖 Yes 📮 No
Other agencies involve	d in care:		□ N/A	Has the physician been notified by the:

FULL SYSTEMS REVIEW	Patient Name:		
Height: reported reported actual actual actual			
Reported weight changes by: Patient Caregiver/Family Bowel: WNL Other:			
	MUSCLE STRENGTH AND RANGE OF MOTION (ROM) EVAL		
Gain/Loss Ib. X wk./mo./yr. Urinary Output: _ WNL _ Other:	STRENGTH ROM: Right UPPER EXTREMITIES Right Left ACTION Active Passive	Left Active Dessive	
Any <u>symptoms</u> present (circle): Hyperglycemia, Polyuria, Glycosuria, Polydipsia	5		
□ Fatigue □ Hypoglycemia, Sweats, Weak, Faint, Stupor, Polyphagia A1c% BSmg/dL Date/Time:	Shoulder: Flex/Extend:		
□ FBS □ Before meal <i>Mark</i> : □ <i>Today's visit</i> □ <i>Patient/Caregiver reported</i>	Int.Rot./Ext.Rot		
□ Blood sugar ranges □ Postprandial □ Random HS □ Lab slip	Elbow: Flex/Extend:		
□ Patient/Caregiver Report Monitored by: □ Self □ Caregiver/Family □ Nurse □ Other:	Forearm: Sup./Pron		
Frequency:	Wrist: Flex/Extend:		
Able to use Clucemeter:	Fingers: Flex/Extend: LOWER EXTREMITIES Hip: Flex/Extend:		
VITAL SIGNS (Discharge visit)			
Blood Pressure: 🔲 At Rest: R LSitting/LyingStanding	Abd./Add		
□ With activity R Sitting/Lying Standing	Knee: Flex/Extend:		
	Ankle: Plant./Dors.: Foot: Iver./Ever.:		
	SPINE Strength: Spine ROM:		
Temperature:	Manual Muscle Test (MMT) Muscle Strength:		
Pulse: Apical Brachial Regular Regular Regular Carotid Regular Carotid Car	0 Zero: no active muscle contraction. 3 Fair strength: against gravity, no resistance, sa	afetv compromise	
□ Regular □ Radial □ Carotid □ Cheynes Stokes	1 Trace strength: slight muscle contraction, no motion. 4 Good strength: against gravity with sc	ome resistance	
Respirations: Death rattle D Apnea periods -sec.	2 Poor strength: unable to move against gravity 5 Normal functional strength: against gravity	y, full resistance	
Regular Irregular Accessory muscles used	□ <u>No Problem</u>		
	TARY STATUS		
(M1306) Does this patient have at least one Unhealed Pressure Ulcer	Pressure sores/Wounds are easy to develop but very difficult to cure.		
at Stage II or Higher or designated as "unstageable"? 0 - No [Go to M1322] (Excludes Stage I pressure ulcers and healed	riessure soles/wounds are easy to develop but very unitcut to cure.		
□ 1 -Yes Stage II pressures ulcers)	Daily skin care plays a large part in prevention.		
_			
(M1307) The Oldest Stage 2 Pressure Ulcer that is present at discharge: (Excludes healed Stage 2 Pressure Ulcers)	Summary Procedure for skin maintenance: Explain skin care procedure to patient, bed mo	obility,	
 1 - Was present at the most recent SOC/ROC assessment 	increase activities as tolerated, etc.		
□ 2 - Developed since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment; record	Leave patient comfortable. Wash hands, follow universal/standadrd		
date pressure ulcer first identified: / month day year	precautions and use PPE.		
NA - No Stage II pressure ulcers are present at discharge.	D		
	•		
(M1311) Current Number of Unhealed Pressure Ulce	ers at Each Stage:		
		Enter Number	
A1. Stage 2: Partial thickness loss of dermis presenting as a shallo	w open ulcer with red pink wound bed, without slough.		
May also present as an intact or open/ruptured blister. Number of S			
A2. Number of these Stage 2 pressure ulcers that were present at n time of most recent SOC/ROC	nost recent SOC/ROC – enter how many were noted at the		
	la bathana tanàna amin' la taona 1.01 dia 1.01	┝──┨	
B1. Stage 3: Full thickness tissue loss. Subcutaneous fat may be visib but does not obscure the depth of tissue loss. May include undermining and			
B2. Number of these Stage 3 pressure ulcers that were present at r	nost recent SOC/ROC – enter how many were noted		
at the time of most recent SOC/ROC	an much Claugh as eacher may be manual an early as		
C1. Stage 4: Full thickness tissue loss with exposed bone, tendon, the wound bed. Often includes undermining and tunneling. Number			
C2. Number of these Stage 4 pressure ulcers that were present at r the time of most recent SOC/ROC	nost recent SOC/ROC – enter how many were noted at		
D1. Unstageable: Non-removable dressing: Known but not stageab unstageable pressure ulcers due to non-removable dressing/device			
D2. Number of these unstageable pressure ulcers that were presentime of most recent SOC/ROC	t at most recent SOC/ROC – enter how many were noted at the		
E1. Unstageable: Slough and/or eschar: Known but not stageable of Number of unstageable pressure ulcers due to coverage of wound			
E2. Number of these unstageable pressure ulcers that were present time of most recent SOC/ROC	at most recent SOC/ROC – enter how many were noted at the		
F1. Unstageable: Deep tissue injury: Suspected deep tissue injury with suspected deep tissue injury in evolution. [If 0 - Go to M13]		Ja	
F2. Number of these unstageable pressure ulcers that were present time of most recent SOC/ROC	at most recent SOC/ROC – enter how many were noted at the	Pa	

Ned.	Record	#
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INTEGUMENTARY S	STATUS (Cont'd.)			
(M1313) Worsening in Pressure Ulcer Status since SOC/ROC	C:			
Instructions for a-c: Indicate the number of current pressure of stage at the most recent SOC/ROC. If no current pressure ulcer a				
a. Stage 2				
b. Stage 3				
c. Stage 4				
Instructions for e: For pressure ulcers that are Unstageable of new or were at a Stage 1 or 2 at the most recent SOC/ROC.	due to slough/eschar, report the number that are Enter Number			
d. Unstageable—Known or likely but Unstageable due to nor removable dressing.	n-			
e. Unstageable—Known or likely but Unstageable due to cov wound bed by slough and/or eschar.	verage of			
f. Unstageable—Suspected deep tissue injury in evolution.				
(M1320) Status of Most Problematic (Observable) Pressure Ulcer: 0 - Newly epithelialized (Excludes pressure ulcer that cannot be observed due to non-removable dressing/ device) 2 - Early/partial granulation 3 - Not healing NA - No observable pressure ulcer (M1322) Current Number of Stage 1 Pressure Ulcers: Intact skin with nonblanchable redness of a localized area usually over a bony prominence. The area may be painful, firm, soft, warmer, or cooler as compared to adjacent tissue. Darkly pigmented skin may not have a visible blanching; in dark skin tones only it may appear with persistent blue or purple hues. 0 1 2 3 4 or more (M1324) Stage of Most Problematic Unhealed (Observable) Pressure Ulcer that is Stageable: (Excludes pressure ulcer that cannot be 1 - Stage 1 observed due to non-removable dressing/ 2 - Stage II device) 3 - Stage IV NA - Patient has no pressure ulcer or no stageable pressure ulcers	 (M1334) Status of Most Problematic (Observable) Stasis Ulcer: Fully granulating Early/partial granulation Not healing (M1340) Does this patient have a Surgical Wound? No [Go to M1400] Yes, patient has at least one (observable) surgical wound Surgical wound known but not observable due to non-removable dressing [Go to M1400] (M1342) Status of Most Problematic (Observable) Surgical Wound: Newly epithelialized Fully granulating Early/partial granulation Not healing Pressure/Stasis Ulcer, Surgical wound, Skin lesion or			
 (M1330) Does this patient have a Stasis Ulcer? 0 - No [Go to M1340] 1 - Yes, patient has BOTH observable and unobservable stasis ulcers 2 - Yes, patient has observable stasis ulcers ONLY 3 - Yes, patient has unobservable stasis ulcers ONLY 3 - Yes, patient has unobservable stasis ulcers ONLY (known but not observable due to non-removable dressing) [Go to M1340] (M1332) Current Number of (Observable) Stasis Ulcer(s): 1 -One 2 - Two 3 - Three 4 - Four or more QUICK ASSESSMENT OF LEG ULCERS (CMS, Qualitynet) VENOUS INSUFFICIENCY (STASIS): LOCATION: • Medial aspect of low 	Open Wound Documentation Guidelines: LOCATION STAGE per Agency policy DIMENSIONS: Always measure length, width, and depth and document it in that order. Always recorded in centimeters. UNDERMINING/TUNNELING: Recorded in centimeters. WOUND BASE DESCRIPTION: describe the wound bed appearance. DRAINAGE: (Amount, Color/Consistency, Odor) WOUND EDGES: Describe area up to 4cm from edge of the wound. PROGRESS: Improved, No Change, Stable, or Declined. ODOR: Present or not PAIN: Associated with the wound. Interventions wer leg and ankle • Superior to medial malleolus			
APPEARANCE: • Color: base ruddy • Surrounding Skin: erythema (venous dermatitis) and/or brown staining (hyperpigmentation) • Depth: usually shallow • Wound Margins: irregular • Exudate: moderate of heavy • Edema: pitting or non-pitting; possible induration and cellulitis • Skin Temp: normal; warm to touch • Granulation: frequently present • Infection: less common PAIN: • Minimal unless infected or desiccated. PERIPHERAL PULSES: • Present/Palpable				

CAPILLARY REFILL: • Normal-less than 3 seconds

INTEGUMENTARY STATUS (Cont'd.)							
WOUND/LESION ULCER (specify)	#1	#2	#3	#4	Diagram		
Location (specify in diagram)							
Type: Pressure ulcer/Abrasion Diabetic foot ulcer Arterial / Surgical Malignancy / Incision Mechanical/Fistula Venous stasis ulcer							
Size(cm) (LengthxWidthxDepth)					$1 (1) (\Upsilon)$		
Tunneling/ Undermining (cm)							
Stage (I-II-III-IV) (pressure ulcers only)							
Odor (Fool, normal, etc)							
Surrounding Skin (redness, damage, specify)					Manarroot		
Stoma (Specify)							
Edema (pedal, sacral, pitting, etc)					(R) /		
Appearance of the Wound Bed					(L) UUU (R)		
Treatment Ordered				0	(R) TI (L)		
Drainage/Amount	☐ None ☐ Small ☐ Moderate ☐ Large	None Small Moderate Large	Small Moderate Large	 □ None □ Small □ Moderate □ Large 	Is there at least one pressure ulcer that cannot be observed due to the presence of scar or a nonremovable dressing, including casts?		
Color	Clear Tan Serosanquineous	□ Clear □ Tan □ Serosanguineous □ Other	Clear Tan Serosanguineous	Clear Tan Serosanguineous	Yes D No		
Consistency	☐ Thin ☐ Thick	☐ Thin ☐ Thick	□ Thin □ Thick	Thin Thick]		
			TIC) / WOUND CARE				
DIABETIC FOOT EXA Frequency of diabetic foo	· · · ·	ly)	WOUND CARE PROC	WOUND CARE PROCEDURE: (Check all that apply) Authorization to take Photo obtained: Wound care done during this visit: Yes No			
	aregiver (name)		Location(s) wound s				
	her:			removed by: (use bioh	azard waste box)		
Exam by RN/PT this vis		O.	RN/PT Care Retient Other				
Significant integument findin	gs nt right / left ◘ Absent	right / left	Technique used:				
	(please circle) (ple	ease circle)	Procedure:		erated well: 🛛 Yes 📮 No		
Observation:	arm right / left 🛛 Cold r	ight / left					
	•	ase circle)					
Observation:			Wound dressing/cove	er applied (specify):			
		Left forcm	would leaved open	to the air: 🖸 Yes 📮 No			
(please circle)	ing right / left Leg hair: (please circle)	Present right / left (please circle) Absent right / left (please circle)		re of the wound after discharge			
		RESPIRATO	DRY STATUS				
(M1400) When is the pati	ent dyspneic or noticeably	/ Short of Breath? QA	Patient's Pharmacy Name/Phone	if known:			
 0 - Patient is not short 1 - When walking more 		-					
2 - With moderate exe	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ng, using commode or	Home Medical equipment Co./	/phone if known:			
3 - With minimal exertion ADLs) or with agitar	tion	ng, or performing other					
4 - At rest (during day Assessed th		by: 🗖 Patient 🗖 Caregiver					

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CARDIOPULMONARY				
Breath Sounds: □ Clear □ No Problem □ Crackles/rales □ Wheezes/rhonchi □ Diminished □ Absent □ Other □ Deferred (reason)	(M1500) Symptoms in Heart Failure Patients: If patient has been diagnosed with heart failure, did the patient exhibit symptoms indicated by clinical heart failure guidelines (including dyspnea, orthopnea, edema, or weight gain) at the time of or at any time since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment?			
Accessory muscles used	□ 0 - No [Go to M1600]			
Anterior:				
Right Linner	2 - Not assessed [Go to M1600]			
Right Right Lower Left Left Upper	NA - Patient does not have diagnosis of heart failure [Go to M1600]			
U SOB/SOBOE Left Lower	(M1511) Heart Failure Follow-up: If patient has been diagnosed with heart failure and has exhibited symptoms indicative of heart failure at the time of or at any time since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment, what			
□SOB on minimal effort/walkFt.	action(s) has (have) been taken to respond? (Mark all that apply.)			
O2 @LPM via cannula, mask, trach O2 saturation% (Oxygen, Fire prevention explained, followed)	 0 - No action taken 1 - Patient's physician (or other primary care practitioner) contacted the 			
Trach size/type Who manages?	same day			
Other	 2 - Patient advised to get emergency treatment (e.g., call 911 or go to emergency room) 3 - Implemented physician-ordered patient-specific established 			
□ Cough: □ No □ Yes: □ Productive □ Non-productive Worse at: □ morning □ afternoon □ evening □ sleeping time	parameters for treatment			
Describe:	 4 - Patient education or other clinical interventions 5 - Obtained change in care plan orders (e.g., increased monitoring by 			
□ Dyspnea: □ Rest □ During ADLs □ Effort □ Sleeping (apnea)	agency, change in visit frequency, telehealth, etc.)			
Comments:	ELIMINATION STATUS (M1600) Has this patient been treated for a Urinary Tract Infection			
	in the past 14 days?			
Any necessary positioning for improved breathing: No Yes, describe:	0 - No No NA - Patient on prophylactic treatment 1 -Yes			
	(M1610) Urinary Incontinence or Urinary Catheter Presence: (A)			
Chest Pain: QYes QNo QAnginal Q Postural Q Localized Q Substernal Q Radiating to:	 O - No incontinence or catheter (includes anuria or ostomy for urinary drainage) [Go to M1620] O - Patient is incontinent 			
□ Dull □ Ache □ Sharp □ Vise-like Associated with: □ Shortness of breath/SOBOE □ Activity □ Sweats	2 - Patient requires a urinary catheter (i.e., external, indwelling, intermittent, suprapubic) [Go to M1620]			
Frequency/duration:	(M1615) When does Urinary Incontinence occur?			
How relieved: Rest Medication:	0 - Timed-voiding defers incontinence			
	 1 -Occasional stress incontinence 2 -During the night only 			
□ Palpitations/Arrhythmias: □ Fast/accelerated □ Slow □ Fatigue □ Edema: □ Pedal: □Right □Left □ Sacral	□ 2 - During the high only			
	□ 4 - During the day and night			
Dependent: Pitting +1/+2/+3/+4 Claudication Site: Claudication Site:	(M1620) Bowel Incontinence Frequency:			
□ Capillary refill: □ less than 3 sec □ greater than 3 sec	 0 - Very rarely or never has bowel incontinence 1 - Less than once weekly 			
Cardiopulmonary Management Problems (explain)	 2 - One to three times weekly 			
	 3 - Four to six times weekly 			
	4 - On a daily basis			
Heart Sounds: □ Regular □ Irregular □ Murmur	5 - More often than once daily			
Pacemaker: Date Last date checked	NA - Patient has ostomy for bowel elimination			
□ Yes □ No Type	Foley Catheter Yes: 🗖 No 🗖 If yes, last changed:			
FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT	MENTAL STATUS			
Overall Functional Status:				
	□ 1 - Oriented □ 3 - Forgetful □ 5 - Disoriented □ 7 - Agitated □ 2 - Comatose □ 4 - Depressed □ 6 - Lethargic			
□ Improved □ Declined □ No significant change from start of care	-			
Improvement needed/Recommendations:				
Comment:	□ Forgetful at times □ Irritable □ Anxious □ Alert			
	No Problem			

Patient Name:	Med. Record #
NEURO/EMOTIONAL/BEHAVIOR STATUS	ADL/IADLs
(M1700) Cognitive Functioning: Patient's current (day of assessment) level of alertness, orientation, comprehension, concentration, and immediate memory for simple commands.	(M1800) Grooming: Current ability to tend safely to personal hygiene needs (i.e., washing face and hands, hair care, shaving or make up, teeth or denture care, fingernail care).
0 - Alert/oriented, able to focus and shift attention, comprehends and recalls task directions independently.	0 -Able to groom self unaided, with or without the use of assistive devices or adapted methods.
1 - Requires prompting (cuing, repetition, reminders) only under stressful or unfamiliar conditions.	1 - Grooming utensils must be placed within reach before able to complete grooming activities.
2 - Requires assistance and some direction in specific situations (e.g., on all tasks involving shifting of attention), or consistently requires low stimulus environment due to distractibility.	 2 - Someone must assist the patient to groom self. 3 - Patient depends entirely upon someone else for grooming needs.
3 - Requires considerable assistance in routine situations. Is not alert and oriented or is unable to shift attention and recall directions more than half the time.	(M1810) Current Ability to Dress <u>Upper</u> Body safely (with or without dressing aids) including undergarments, pullovers, front-opening shirts and blouses, managing zippers, buttons, and snaps:
 4- Totally dependent due to disturbances such as constant disorientation, coma, persistent vegetative state, or delirium. 	0 - Able to get clothes out of closets and drawers, put them on and remove them from the upper body without assistance.
(M1710) When Confused (Reported or Observed Within the Last 14 Days)	1 - Able to dress upper body without assistance if clothing is laid out or handed to the patient.
0 - Never 4 - Constantly	2 - Someone must help the patient put on upper body clothing.
□ 1 - In new or complex situations only □ NA - Patient nonresponsive	□ 3 - Patient depends entirely upon another person to dress the upper body.
 2 - On awakening or at night only 3 - During the day and evening, but not constantly 	(M1820) Current Ability to Dress Lower Body safely (with or without
(M1720) When Anxious (Reported or Observed Within the Last 14 Days)	dressing aids) including undergarments, slacks, socks or nylons, shoes:
□ 0 - None of the time □ 3 - All of the time	assistance.
□ 1 - Less often than daily □ NA - Patient nonresponsive	I - Able to dress lower body without assistance if clothing and shoes are laid out or handed to the patient.
 2 - Daily, but not constantly (M1740) Cognitive, behavioral, and psychiatric symptoms that are 	□ 2 - Someone must help the patient put on -undergarments, slacks,
demonstrated at least once a week (Reported or Observed): (Mark all	socks or nylons, and shoes. 3 - Patient depends entirely upon another person to dress lower body.
 that apply.) 1 - Memory deficit: failure to recognize familiar persons/places, inability to recall events of past 24 hours, significant memory loss so that supervision is required 	(M1830) Bathing: Current ability to wash entire body safely. <u>Excludes</u> grooming (washing face, washing hands, and shampooing hair).
2 - Impaired decision-making: failure to perform usual ADLs or IADLs, inability to appropriately stop activities, jeopardizes safety through actions	getting in and out of tub/shower. I 1 -With the use of devices, is able to bathe self in shower or tub
3 -Verbal disruption: yelling, threatening, excessive profanity, sexual references, etc.	independently, including getting in and out of the tub/shower 2 - Able to bathe in shower or tub with the intermittent assistance of
4 - Physical aggression: aggressive or combative to self and others (e.g., hits self, throws objects, punches, dangerous maneuvers with wheelchair or other objects)	(a) for intermittent supervision or encouragement or reminders, <u>OR</u> (b) to get in and out of the shower or tub, <u>OR</u>
5 - Disruptive, infantile, or socially inappropriate behavior (excludes verbal actions)	 (c) for washing difficult to reach areas. I 3 - Able to participate in bathing self in shower or tub, <u>but</u> requires
6 - Delusional, hallucinatory, or paranoid behavior	presence of another person throughout the bath for assistance or supervision.
□ 7 - None of the above behaviors demonstrated	□ 4 - Unable to use the shower or tub, but able to bathe self
(M1745) Frequency of Disruptive Behavior Symptoms (Reported or Observed) Any physical, verbal, or other disruptive/dangerous symptoms that are injurious to self or others or jeopardize personal safety.	independently with or without the use of devices at the sink, in chair, or on commode.
0 - Never 3 - Several times each month	5 - Unable to use the shower or tub, but able to participate in bathing self in bed, at the sink, in bedside chair, or on commode, with the assistance or supervision of another person throughout the bath.
1 - Less than once a month 4 - Several times a week 2 - Once a month 5 - At least daily	6 - Unable to participate effectively in bathing and is bathed totally by another person.
PSYCHOSOCIAL STATUS	(M1840) Toilet Transferring: Current ability to get to and from the toilet
Primary language: English Spanish Creole Russian Other:	or bedside commode safely <u>and</u> transfer on and off toilet/commode. □ 0 - Able to get to and from the toilet and transfer independently with
□ Language barrier □Needs interpreter	or without a device.
Deaf Deaf Needs American Sing language interpreter	1 - When reminded, assisted, or supervised by another person, able to get to and from the toilet and transfer.
Learning barrier: Mental Psychological Physical Functional Sensory Unable to read/write Higher Educational Level:	2 - <u>Unable</u> to get to and from the toilet but is able to use a bedside commode (with or without assistance).
Spiritual /Cultural/Ethnic/Religion implications that impact care. Explain:Spiritual resource	3 - <u>Unable</u> to get to and from the toilet or bedside commode but is able to use a bedpan/urinal independently.
Sleep/Rest: Adequate Inadequate Phone No.	 4 - Is totally dependent in toileting.
	Clothing Management: 🗖 Independent 🗖 Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist 🗖 Minimum Assist
 Inappropriate responses to caregivers/physician/clinician staff Inability to cope with altered health status/illness as evidenced by: 	Moderate assist Maximum Assist
Lack of motivation Not hope in recovery Denial of problems Unrealistic expectations Refuse to follow MD orders Inability to recognize problems	Toilet Hygiene: Independent Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist Ininimum Assist Image: Im
□ Evidence of abuse/ neglect /exploitation: □ Potential □ Actual □ Physical	Toileting Assessment: Previous level (6 months): Current level:
□ Verbal/Emotional/Psychological □ Financial □ Abandon	

ADL/IADLs

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(M1845) Toileting Hygiene: Current ability to maintain perineal hygiene safely, adjust clothes and/or incontinence pads before and after using toilet, commode, bedpan, urinal. If managing ostomy, includes cleaning	(M1870) Feeding or Eating: Current ability to feed self meals and snacks safely. Note: This refers only to the process of eating <u>chewing</u> , and <u>swallowing</u> , not preparing the food to be eaten.
area around stoma, but not managing equipment. □ 0 - Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management	 and <u>swallowing</u>, not preparing the lood to be eaten. 0 - Able to independently feed self.
without assistance.	 1 - Able to feed self independently but requires:
1 -Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management	(a) meal set-up; <u>OR</u>
without assistance if supplies/implements are laid out for the patient. 2 - Someone must help the patient to maintain toileting hygiene	(b) intermittent assistance or supervision from another person; OR
and/or adjust clothing.	 (c) a liquid, pureed or ground meat diet. 2 -Unable to feed self and must be assisted or supervised
□ 3 - Patient depends entirely upon another person to maintain toileting hygiene.	throughout the meal/snack.
(M1850) Transferring: Current ability to move safely from bed to chair, or ability to turn and position self in bed if patient is bedfast.	3 - Able to take in nutrients orally <u>and</u> receives supplemental nutrients through a nasogastric tube or gastrostomy.
0 - Able to independently transfer.	□ 4 - Unable to take in nutrients orally and is fed nutrients through a
1 - Able to transfer with minimal human assistance or with use of an assistive device.	nasogastric tube or gastrostomy. 5 - Unable to take in nutrients orally or by tube feeding.
 2 - Able to bear weight and pivot during the transfer process but unable to transfer self. 	(M1880) Current Ability to Plan and Prepare Light Meals (e.g., cereal,
□ 3 - Unable to transfer self and is unable to bear weight or pivot when	sandwich) or reheat delivered meals safely:
transferred by another person.	0 - (a) Able to independently plan and prepare all light meals for self or reheat delivered meals; OR
 4 - Bedfast, unable to transfer but is able to turn and position self in bed. 5 - Bedfast, unable to transfer and is unable to turn and position self. 	(b) Is physically, cognitively, and mentally able to prepare light
Transfers Bed: Independent Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist Minimum Assist	meals on a regular basis but has not routinely performed light meal preparation in the past (i.e., prior to this home care
□ N/A □ Moderate assist □ Maximum Assist □ Totally Dependent	admission).
Transfers Wheelchair: 🗅 Independent 🗅 Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist 🗅 Minimum Assist	1 - <u>Unable</u> to prepare light meals on a regular basis due to physical, cognitive, or mental limitations.
□ N/A □ Moderate assist □ Maximum Assist □ Totally Dependent	 2 - Unable to prepare any light meals or reheat any delivered meals.
Transfers Toilet: Independent Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist Minimum Assist N/A Moderate assist Maximum Assist Totally Dependent	
Transfers Tub/shower: Independent Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist Minimum Assist	(M1890) Ability to Use Telephone: Current ability to answer the phone
□ N/A □ Moderate assist □ Maximum Assist □ Totally Dependent	safely, including dialing numbers, and effective using the telephone to communicate.
Transfers Car/Transport: D Independent Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist D Minimum Assist	0 - Able to dial numbers and answer calls appropriately and as
□ N/A □ Moderate assist □ Maximum Assist □ Totally Dependent	desired.
Bed Mobility: Roll/Turn 🗋 Independent 🗋 Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist 🗋 Minimum Assist	1 - Able to use a specially adapted telephone (i.e., large numbers on the dial, teletype phone for the deaf) and call essential numbers.
Bed Mobility: Sit/Supine Independent Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist Minimum Assist	2 - Able to answer the telephone and carry on a normal conversation
□ N/A □ Moderate assist □ Maximum Assist □ Totally Dependent	but has difficulty with placing calls.
Bed Mobility: Sit/Stand Up 🗖 Independent 🗖 Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist 🖬 Minimum Assist .	3 - Able to answer the telephone only some of the time or is able to carry on only a limited conversation.
N/A Moderate assist Maximum Assist	 4 - <u>Unable</u> to answer the telephone at all but can listen if assisted
Assist device/comments:	with equipment.
Transfer assessment Previous level: Current L	5 - Totally unable to use the telephone.
(M1860) Ambulation/Locomotion: Current ability to walk safely, once in a stabding	NA - Patient does not have a telephone.
position, or use a wheelchair, once in a seated position, on a variety of surfaces.	ALLERGIES
0 - Able to independently walk on even and uneven surfaces and negotiate stairs with or without railings (i.e., needs no human	🗅 None known / NKA 🗅 Aspirin 🗅 Eggs 🗅 Insect bites 🗅 Iodine🗅 Sulfa
assistance or assistive device).	Penicillin Animal dander and urine Dairy/Milk products Dust mites
1 - With the use of a one-handed device (e.g. cane, single crutch, hemi-walker), able to independently walk on even and uneven	□ Pollens and mold spores □ Other:
surfaces and negotiate stairs with or without railings.	MEDICATIONS
2 - Requires use of a two-handed device (e.g., walker or crutches) to walk alone on a level surface and/or requires human supervision or assistance to negotiate stairs or steps or uneven surfaces.	(M2005) Medication Intervention: Did the agency contact and complete physician (or physician-designee) prescribed/recommended actions by midnight of the next calendar day each time potential clinically significant
 3 -Able to walk only with the supervision or assistance of another person at all times. 	medication issues were identified since the SOC/ROC?
□ 4 - Chairfast, unable to ambulate but is able to wheel self independently.	0 -No 1 -Yes
□ 5 - Chairfast, unable to ambulate and is unable to wheel self.	9 - NA – There were no potential clinically significant medication
□ 6 - Bedfast, unable to ambulate or be up in a chair.	issues identified since SOC/ROC or patient is not taking any medications
AMBULATION/GAIT EVALUATION: Posture:	(M2016) Patient/Caregiver Drug Education Intervention: At the time of,
Endurance:Muscle tone:	or at any time since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment, was the patient/
GAIT ASSESSMENT LEVEL: Distance: Level Surfaces: Stairs:	caregiver instructed by agency staff or other health care provider to monitor the effectiveness of drug therapy, adverse drug reactions, and significant side
Gait Quality: Uneven Surfaces: Other:	effects, and how and when to report problems that may occur?
Poor/Unsteady Assistance: Level Surfaces: Stairs: Uneven Surfaces: Other:	0 - No 1 -Yes
□ Fair Uneven Surfaces: Other: □ Fair Assistive Device: Level Surfaces: Stairs:	NA - Patient not taking any drugs
Uneven Surfaces: Other:	Patient/Caregiver able to Management Medication Regimen: Yes No
Excellent Deviations: Level Surfaces: Stairs:	Instructed to continue with Medication Regimen as prescribed: Q Yes Q No
□ N/A, non-ambulatory Uneven Surfaces: Other: Comment:	At discharge, any Medication regimen compliance problem (explain):

MEDICATIONS (Cont'd.)	SG FALL RISK ASSESSMENT QA				
(M2020) Management of Oral Medications: <u>Patient's current ability</u> to prepare and take all oral medications reliably and safely, including	Established by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), QualityNet provides healt improvement news, resources and data reporting tools and applications used by healthcare provide				
administration of the correct dosage at the appropriate times/intervals.	Patient Factors: Circle appropriate score for each section and total score at bottom. (MedQIC)	Score			
Excludes injectable and IV medications. (NOTE: This refers to ability, not compliance or willingness.)	Level of Consciousness/ Mental Status: Disoriented X 3 at all times (M1700)	2			
 0 - Able to independently take the correct oral medication(s) and 	Level of Consciousness/ Mental Status: Intermittent confusion (M1700 - M1710)	4			
proper dosage(s)) at the correct times.	History of Falls (past 3 months) 1-2 falls (M1032)	2			
□ 1 -Able to take medication(s) at the correct times if:	History of Falls (past 3 months) 3 or more falls (M1032)	4			
(a) individual dosages are prepared in advance by another person; <u>OR</u>	Ambulation/ Elimination Status: Chair bound & requires assist w/ toileting (M1840)	2			
(b) another person develops a drug diary or chart,	Ambulation/ Elimination Status: Ambulatory & incontinent (M1610 - M1615) Vision Status Poor (w/ or w/o glasses) (M1200)	4			
2 - Able to take medication(s) at the correct times if given reminders by another person at the appropriate times	Vision Status Poor (Legally blind) (M1200)	4			
3 - Unable to take medication unless administered by another person.	Gait and Balance (Balance problem while standing)	1			
NA - No oral medications prescribed.	Gait and Balance (Balance problem while walking.)	1			
(M2030) Management of Injectable Medications: Patient's current	Gait and Balance (Decreased muscular coordination.)	1			
ability to prepare and take all prescribed injectable medications reliably	Gait and Balance (Change in gait pattern when walking through doorway)	1			
and safely, including administration of correct dosage at the appropriate times/intervals. Excludes IV medications.	Gait and Balance (Jerking or unstable when making turns.)	1			
	Gait and Balance (Requires assistance (person, furniture/walls or device)).	1			
 0 -Able to independently take the correct medication(s) and proper dosage(s) at the correct times. 	Orthostatic Changes (Drop<20mmHg in BP between lying and standing. Increase of cardiac rhythm <20)	2			
 1 - Able to take injectable medication(s) at the correct times if: (a) individual syringes are prepared in advance by another person, <u>OR</u> 	Orthostatic Changes (Drop >20mmHg in BP between lying and standing. Increase of cardiac rhythm >20)	4			
(a) individual syntiges are prepared in advance by another person, <u>OK</u> (b) another person develops a drug diary or chart.	Medications (Takes 1-2 of these medications currently or wiln past 7 days) 2				
 2 - Able to take medication(s) at the correct times if given reminders 	Medications (Takes 3-4 of these medications currently or win past 7 days)	4			
by another person based on the frequency of the injection					
□ 3 - Unable to take injectable medication unless administered by	OR Medications (Takes 1-2 of these medications currently or win past 7 days) 2 Medications (Takes 3-4 of these medications currently or win past 7 days) 4 Medications (Mark additional point if patient has had a change in these medications or doses in past 5 days.) 1 Predisposing Diseases (1-2 present) 2 Predisposing Diseases (3 or more present) 4 Requipment Issues (Oxygen tubing) 1 Equipment Issues (Inappropriate or client does not consistently use assistive device) 1 Equipment Issues (Equipment needs:) 1				
another person.					
NA - No injectable medications prescribed.					
Peripheral IV Line or implant infusion device present?: Yes No					
If yes, type/comment:					
WEIGHT BEARING EVALUATION/ASSISTIVE DEVICES					
□ WBAT □ FWB □ PWB □ TDWB □ NWB Weight-Bearing Radiographs (Radiographic evaluation of the foot): □ Yes □ No Functional weight-bearing mechanics of the foot and lower extremity : □ ■ ASSISTIVE DEVICES: □ Hoyer Lift □ □ Cane □ Quad Cane □ Walker □ Hemi Walker □ Wheeled Walker □ Wheelchair □ Manual □ Motorized □ Other: □ □ Patient able to use the assistive device □ Reinforced training at DC date Comment:		ipment and train lent, and active. program			
Sitting Static: Sitting Dynamic: Standing Static: Standing Dynamic:	5. Keep emergency numbers in large print near each phone				
Poor Poor Poor Poor	6. Put a phone near the floor in case you fall and can't get up				
🛛 Fair 🗋 Fair 🗋 Fair	7. Think about wearing an alarm device that will bring help in case you fall and can				
🛯 Good 🔹 Good 🔄 Good	8. Patient/caregiver reveals accurate fall history and identified personal f				
BALANCE ASSESSMENT: D Poor Tinetti:	· · · ·				
□ Fair BERG:	 Patient/caregiver actively participates in the development of a personal fall prevents. Deticat/organizer across in plan and make precessory behavioral and environmental active personal fall prevents. 				
Good Timed Up and Go:	10. Patient/caregiver engage in plan and make necessary behavioral and environmental safety acc	UIIIIIUUALIUIIS			
	Therapy Tips to prevent Falls: SG				
	1. Be a role model for fall prevention in daily practic				
STATUS AT DISCHARGE: Condition/Status upon D/C: Stable Unstable Improved Expired	2. Collaborate with nurses on OASIS accuracy to capture fall r				
Able to care by: Self in with the help of Caregiver/family	3. Be a resource for all staff on fall prevention	IJK			
Adjustment to illness/disability:	 Be a resource for an starr of ran prevention Include agency's fall prevention program in any marketing opportunities with referral sources, physicians 	and community			
Support System:	 Assist with developing, evaluating and modifying the agency fall prevention program on a re- 				
	6. Include fall risk and prevention interventions in case conference	-			
Community Referrals made: DYes DNo	 Offer to participate in staff in-services to instruct in fall prevention progra 				
Explain:	7. Oner to participate in stan in-services to instruct in fair prevention progra	4111			

CARE MANAGEMENT

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(M2102) Types and Sources of Assistance: Determine the ability and willingness of non-agency caregivers (such as family members, friends, or privately paid caregivers) to provide assistance for the following activities, if assistance is needed. Exclude all care by you agency staff (Check only one box in each row)

Type of Assistance	No Assistance Needed - patient is independent or does not have needs in this area	Non-agency Caregiver(s) currently provide assistance	Non-agency Caregiver(s) need training/ supportive services to provide assistance	Non-agency Caregiver(s) are <u>not</u> <u>likely to</u> provide assistance OR it is unclear if they will provide assistance	Assistance needed, but non non-agency caregiver(s) available	Comments if needed (optional)
a. ADL Assistance (e.g., transfer/ambulation, bathing, dressing, toileting, eating/ feeding)	0	1	2	3	4	
 b. IADL Assistance (e.g., meals, housekeeping, laundry, telephone, shopping, finances) 	0	1	2	3	4	
c. Medication Administration (e.g., oral, inhaled or injectable)	0	1	2	3	4	
d. Medical Procedures/ Treatments (e.g., changing wound dressing, home exercise)	0	1	2	3	4	
e. Management of Equipment (includes oxygen, IV/infusion equipment, enteral/parenteral nutrition, ventilator therapy equipment or supplies)	0	1	2	594	4	
f. Supervision and Safety (e.g., due to cognitive impairment)	0	1		8 3	4	
g. Advocacy or Facilitation of patient's participation in appropriate medical care (includes transportation to or from appointments)	0	AN		3	4	
Instruct the patient to reach exacerbation of his/her disea any injure, accident, or fall of Explain also that they can as help from the Agency after a development. (M23011) Emergent Care: At the	ase, condition or occur. k his/her physic any emergent car ENT CARE	trauma, and if ian for any new re or new	seek and/or r (Mark all that 1 - Improp medica 2 - Injury o 3 - Respir	on for Emergent Care eccive emergent care apply.) per medication adminis ation side effects, toxici caused by fall atory infection (e.g., pr respiratory problem failure (e.g., fluid overlo	e (with or without t tration, adverse dru ty, anaphylaxis neumonia, bronchitis	rospitalization) Ig reactions,
 (M23011) Enlergent Care. At the recent SOC/ROC assessment has emergency department (includes I) 0 - No [Go to M2401] 1 - Yes, used hospital emerge admission 2 - Yes, used hospital emerge admission UK - Unknown [Go to M2401] If Yes, Hospital, Emergency inst 	the patient utilized holding/observation ency department v	l a hospital status)? WITHOUT hospita	 6 - Cardia 7 - Myoca 8 - Other I 9 - Stroke 10 - Hypo/I 11 - GI blev 12 - Dehyd 13 - Urinan 14 - IV cath 	c dysrhythmia (irregula irdial infarction or ches heart disease (CVA) or TIA Hyperglycemia, diabeta eding, obstruction, cor ration, malnutrition y tract infection heter- related infection	r heartbeat) t pain es out of control stipation, impaction or complication	
Date: The OASIS Transfer to In-patient Facility was used/submitted: Yes □No□ N/A			 16 - Uncon 17 - Acute r 18 - Deep 	trolled pain mental/behavioral heal vein thrombosis, pulmo than above reasons	th problem onary embolus	

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DATA ITEMS COLLECTED AT INPATIENT FACILITY ADMISSION OR AGENCY DISCHARGE ONLY

(M2401) Intervention Synopsis: (Check only <u>one</u> box in each row.) At the time of, or at any time since the previous OASIS assessment, were the following interventions BOTH included in the physician -ordered plan of care AND implemented?

the following interventions BOTH included in the physician -ordere	ed plan of	t care AN	D implen	nented?		
Plan/ Intervention	No	Yes		Not Applicable		
a. Diabetic foot care including monitoring for the presence of skin lesions on the lower extremities and patient/caregiver education on proper foot care	0	1		Patient is not diabetic or is missing lower legs due to congenital or acquired condition (bilateral amputee)		
b. Falls prevention interventions	0	1	NA	Every standardized, validated multi-factor fall risk assessment conducted at or since the last OASIS assessment indicates the patient has no risk for falls.		
c. Depression intervention(s) such as medication, referral for other treatment, or a monitoring plan for current treatment	0	1	NA	Patient has no diagnosis of depression AND every standardized, validated depression screening conducted at or since the last OASIS assessment indicates the patient has: 1) no symptoms of depression; or 2) has some symptoms of depression but does not meet criteria for further evaluation of depression based on screening tool used.		
d. Intervention(s) to monitor and mitigate pain	0	1	□ NA	Every standardized, validated pain assessment conducted at or since the last OASIS assessment indicates the patient has no pain.		
e. Intervention(s) to prevent pressure ulcers	0 🗆	1	□ NA	Every standardized, validated pressure ulcer risk assessment conducted at or since the last OASIS assessment indicates the patient is not at risk of developing pressure ulcers.		
f. Pressure ulcer treatment based on principles of moist wound healing	0 🗆	□ 1		Patient has no pressure ulcers OR has no pressure ulcers for which moist wound healing is indicated.		
 (M2410) To which Inpatient Facility has the patient been admit 1 -Hospital [Go to M2430] 2 - Rehabilitation facility [Go to M0903] 3 - Nursing home [Go to M0903] 4 - Hospice [Go to M0903] NA - No inpatient facility admission 	ited?	from yc 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 -	Patient i services Patient i services Patient i Unknow served b	remained in the community (with formal assistive		
SKILLED CA						
SKILLED CARE PROVIDED THIS VISIT Discharge Plan Assessed/Patient Instructed Balance training/activities Teach hip safety precautions Patient/Caregiver education Establish upgrade home exercise program Pulmonary Physical Therapy Services Ultrasound/Electrotherapy Therapeutic exercise Prosthetic training Transfer training New/Updated Plan given to patient Gait/Ambulation training TENS/ Falls Prevention Safety Functional/Bed mobility training Teach use Assistive Device						
	NATUR	KE/DAT	ES			
	-	-	-	nal if itinerary is used Date		
OASIS INFORMATION						
QA Date Reviewed:/ Data Entry Date & Lo	ocked:	/	/	Date Submitted:///////		

Patient Name:		Med. Record #	
	CHARGE/CAR		PV
(M0903) Date of Last (Most Recent) Home Visit:		(M0906) Discharge /Transfer/ Death Date: Enter the date of the discharge, transfer, or death (at home) of the patient.	
/ / DISCHARGE COMPLETE		month day year	
DISCIPLINES INVOLVED DURING THIS AD	MISSION/SERVICES	PROVIDED:	
	e DOther (specify)		
DIAGNOSIS (Primary):			r Non-Coverage Form given to Patient: □ Yes □ No □ N/A iciary Notice Form given to Patient: □ Yes □ No □ N/A
		Advance benefi	
 Patient-centered goals met Patient expired Move out of area of services Patient refused further care/services No longer home bound 	 Patient/Family request Physician request Repeatedly not home Patient refused to acc care/treatments as or Persistent noncomplia 	e/not found cept rdered ance with POC	 Failure to maintain services of an attending physician Transfer to an In-patient Facility (Hospice, Nursing Home/Rehab Facility) Home Health Agency decision Explain:
Hospitalized	Do not qualify for s	services	Other (specify)
Rehabilitated to Potential			
CARE SUMMARY PROVIDED DURING THIS ADMISSION: (including progress toward goals to date, rehabilitation to potential, and understanding disease management)			
SG			
MEDICATION STATUS: Medication regimen reviewed with patient/family Medication Record/Schedule Form Updated given to Patient: Yes No			
Check if any of the following were identified: Detential adverse effects/drug reactions Ineffective drug therapy Significant side effects			
Duplicate drug therapy	Non-compliance with dru	ug therapy 🔲 No o	change 🛛 Significant drug interactions
DISPOSITION OF THE PATIENT:			
ABLE TO CARE FOR SELF FAMILY TO ASSIST DECEASED			
	EMAKER TO ASSIST	Other	r (specify)
SUMMARY OF SERVICES RENDERED AND GOALS ACHIEVED			
PATIENT HAS ACHIEVED ANTICIPATED GOALS Image: state of pain, pain management program goals achieved Patient is safely independent within disease limitations Image: state of pain, pain management program goals achieved			
RETURN TO PREVIOUS LIFESTYLE WITH MODIFICATIONS WITHIN DISEASE			
			INSTRATES RANGE OF MOTION EXERCISES
 DEMONSTRATES MUSCLE STRENGTHENING EXERCISES AMBULATES SAFELY WITH ASSISTIVE DEVICE 			NSTRATES TURNING AND POSITIONING SCHEDULE
1 -			LATES SAFELY WITHOUT ASSISTIVE DEVICE
Reviewed: Basic Home Safety Fall safety/prevention Assistive Devices Other (describe)		ian u when to co	ntact/call physician D Next appointment with physician
Was a referral made to MSW for assistance with community resources/assistance with a counseling needs (depression/suicidal inclination) living will/DNR, and/or safety environment problems? Date □ Yes □ No □ Refused □ N/A Comment:			
DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS (specify future follow-up, referrals, etc.) DISEASE PROCESS FALL PREVENTION PROGRAM PAIN MANAGEMENT Other (describe):			
Written instructions given to patient/caregiver: Yes No, explain			
Patient/Caregiver demonstrates understanding of instructions: □ Yes □ No, explain			
Dear Physician, Thank you for allowing us to take care of your patients. This is the Discharge Summary for your records.			
PT CONTACTED PHYSICIAN ON DATE: AND DISCHARGE ORDER WAS APPROVED.			
FT CONTACTED FITTSICIAN ON DATE.		AND DISCH	HARGE ORDER WAS APPROVED.
SUMMARIZE:		AND DISCH	HARGE ORDER WAS APPROVED.
SUMMARIZE:		AND DISCH	HARGE ORDER WAS APPROVED.